



State Water Resources Control Board

Division of Drinking Water

December 14, 2017

Separation of Water Mains and Non-Potable Pipelines – Requests for Alternatives to the Waterworks Standards

Dear Public Water System Owners and Operators:

This letter supersedes prior guidance regarding the separation of water mains and non-potable pipelines, including Guidance Memo 2003-02, dated October 16, 2003. Guidance Memo 2003-02 and previous versions should be discarded.

The California Waterworks Standards (California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 22, Division 4, Chapter 16, Section 64572) establish criteria for the separation of new water mains from non-potable pipelines. Public water systems should ensure that these distances are met, whenever feasible, for all new construction. The Division of Drinking Water (Division) recognizes that certain conditions may call for the installation of pipelines with less separation distance than what is required by the regulations. In these situations, the water system may propose an alternative pursuant to CCR, Title 22, Section 64551.100:

§64551.100. Waivers and Alternatives.

- (a) A water system that proposes to use an alternative to a requirement in this chapter shall:
 - (1) Demonstrate to the State Board that the proposed alternative would provide at least the same level of protection to public health; and
 - (2) Obtain written approval from the State Board prior to implementation of the alternative.

In proposing an alternative to the Waterworks Standards, water systems should observe the following:

- The water system must accept responsibility for the adequacy of the proposed alternative. The Division may require a written statement, signed by the water system's management, certifying that the proposed alternative adequately protects public health.
- In most circumstances, the Division cannot offer technical assistance with pipeline or infrastructure design. The water system proposing an alternative must demonstrate adequate expertise on the part of its own personnel or its hired consultants.
- The water system should describe how the proposed alternative provides at least the same level of protection to public health as the minimum separation distances prescribed in the regulation.
- While exorbitant cost may present a hardship in meeting the regulatory separation requirements and can be considered, public health must be prioritized above construction costs in determining an acceptable alternative.

FELICIA MARCUS, CHAIR | THOMAS HOWARD, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The Division has prepared an application checklist that may be used by water systems in proposing an alternative to the Waterworks Standards (Enclosure). The purpose of the checklist is to ensure that the Division has sufficient information to evaluate the proposal. The water system may submit the information in a different format from the checklist, provided that the submittal provides adequate information. The checklist may also be used to provide written certification that the proposed alternative adequately protects public health.

If you have any questions, please contact the Division office that oversees your water system.

Sincerely,

Darrin Polhemus, P.E.

Deputy Director

Division of Drinking Water

Enclosure: Waterworks Standards Main Separation Alternative Request Example Checklist

THOMSON REUTERS WESTLAW California Code of Regulations

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Chapter 16. California Waterworks Standards

Article 4. Materials and Installation of Water Mains and Appurtenances

22 CCR § 64572

§ 64572. Water Main Separation.

- (a) New water mains and new supply lines shall not be installed in the same trench as, and shall be at least 10 feet horizontally from and one foot vertically above, any parallel pipeline conveying:
 - (1) Untreated sewage,
 - (2) Primary or secondary treated sewage,
 - (3) Disinfected secondary-2.2 recycled water (defined in section 60301.220),
 - (4) Disinfected secondary-23 recycled water (defined in section 60301.225), and
 - (5) Hazardous fluids such as fuels, industrial wastes, and wastewater sludge.
- (b) New water mains and new supply lines shall be installed at least 4 feet horizontally from, and one foot vertically above, any parallel pipeline conveying:
 - (1) Disinfected tertiary recycled water (defined in section 60301.230), and
 - (2) Storm drainage.
- (c) New supply lines conveying raw water to be treated for drinking purposes shall be installed at least 4 feet horizontally from, and one foot vertically below, any water main.
- (d) If crossing a pipeline conveying a fluid listed in subsection (a) or (b), a new water main shall be constructed no less than 45degrees to and at least one foot above that pipeline. No connection joints shall be made in the water main within eight horizontal feet of the fluid pipeline.
- (e) The vertical separation specified in subsections (a), (b), and (c) is required only when the horizontal distance between a water main and pipeline is less than ten feet.
- (f) New water mains shall not be installed within 100 horizontal feet of the nearest edge of any sanitary landfill, wastewater disposal pond, or hazardous waste disposal site, or within 25 horizontal feet of the nearest edge of any cesspool, septic tank, sewage leach field, seepage pit, underground hazardous material storage tank, or groundwater recharge project site.
- (g) The minimum separation distances set forth in this section shall be measured from the nearest outside edge of each pipe barrel.
- (h) With State Board approval, newly installed water mains may be exempt from the separation distances in this section, except subsection (f), if the newly installed main is:
 - (1) less than 1320 linear feet,
 - (2) replacing an existing main, installed in the same location, and has a diameter no greater than six inches more than the diameter of the main it is replacing, and
 - (3) installed in a manner that minimizes the potential for contamination, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) sleeving the newly installed main, or

(B) utilizing upgraded piping material

Note: Authority cited: Sections 116271, 116350 and 116375, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 116275 and 116375, Health and Safety Code.

HISTORY

- 1. New section filed 2-8-2008; operative 3-9-2008 (Register 2008, No. 6).
- 2. Change without regulatory effect amending subsection (h) and Note filed 6-2-2015 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2015, No. 23).

This database is current through 1/12/18 Register 2018, No. 2

22 CCR § 64572, 22 CA ADC § 64572

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NOTE: This publication is meant to be an aid to the staff of the State Board's Division of Drinking Water and cannot be relied upon by the regulated community as the State of California's representation of the law. The published codes are the only official representation of the law. Refer to the published codes—in this case, 17 CCR and 22 CCR—whenever specific citations are required. Statutes related to the State Board's drinking water-related activities are in the Health & Safety Code, the Water Code, and other codes.

Table 64570-B Installation Standards for Water Mains

Type of Installation	<u>Applicable Standard</u>
Steel Pipe-Design and Installation Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances	M-11 (2004) S C600-05
Underground Installation of PVC Pressure Pipe and	1
Fittings	C605-05
Concrete Pressure Pipe	M9(1995)

- (b) Water mains shall:
- (1) Be installed below the frost line or be otherwise protected to prevent freezing; and
- (2) Be protected against crushing under loads that could pass above the installation.

§64572. Water Main Separation.

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 - (2) Primary or secondary treated sewage,
 - (3) Disinfected secondary-2.2 recycled water (defined in section 60301.220),
 - (4) Disinfected secondary-23 recycled water (defined in section 60301.225), and
 - (5) Hazardous fluids such as fuels, industrial wastes, and wastewater sludge.
- (b) New water mains and new supply lines shall be installed at least 4 feet horizontally from, and one foot vertically above, any parallel pipeline conveying:
 - (1) Disinfected tertiary recycled water (defined in section 60301.230), and
 - (2) Storm drainage.
- (c) New supply lines conveying raw water to be treated for drinking purposes shall be installed at least 4 feet horizontally from, and one foot vertically below, any water main.
- (d) If crossing a pipeline conveying a fluid listed in subsection (a) or (b), a new water main shall be constructed no less than 45-degrees to and at least one foot above that pipeline. No connection joints shall be made in the water main within eight horizontal feet of the fluid pipeline.
- (e) The vertical separation specified in subsections (a), (b), and (c) is required only when the horizontal distance between a water main and pipeline is less than ten feet.

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- (f) New water mains shall not be installed within 100 horizontal feet of the nearest edge of any sanitary landfill, wastewater disposal pond, or hazardous waste disposal site, or within 25 horizontal feet of the nearest edge of any cesspool, septic tank, sewage leach field, seepage pit, underground hazardous material storage tank, or groundwater recharge project site.
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- (h) With State Board approval, newly installed water mains may be exempt from the separation distances in this section, except subsection (f), if the newly installed main is:
 - (1) less than 1320 linear feet,
- (2) replacing an existing main, installed in the same location, and has a diameter no greater than six inches more than the diameter of the main it is replacing, and
- (3) installed in a manner that minimizes the potential for contamination, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) sleeving the newly installed main, or
 - (B) utilizing upgraded piping material.

§64573. Minimum Water Main Size for Community Water Systems.

Newly installed water mains in a community water system shall have a nominal diameter of at least four inches.

§64575. Flushing.

- (a) A flushing valve or blowoff shall be provided at the end of each newly installed dead-end water main. Fire hydrants meeting the criteria of this section may be considered flushing valves.
- (b) Flushing valves and blowoffs shall not discharge to a sanitary sewer without an air gap separation between the sewer and the valve or blowoff.
- (c) The flushing velocity in the main shall not be less than 2.5 ft/s unless it is determined that conditions do not permit the required flow to be discharged to waste.
- (d) Newly installed flushing valves and blowoffs shall be designed to maintain the minimum continuous flushing flows as indicated below to produce a minimum velocity of 2.5ft/s in commonly used sizes of pipe.